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DEPARTMENT OF REGIONAL PLANNING · COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

LOS ANGELES COUNTY POPULATION DECLINES 33,000

The population of Los Angeles County declined approximately 33,000 during the first six months of 1974 falling to a July first total of 7,001,000. During this period, the population in cities dropped to 5,987,000, a net decrease of 36,000. At the same time, peripheral urban expansion was still strong enough to push the population in the unincorporated area up to a mid-year total of 1,014,000, a net increase of 3,000 since the beginning of the year.

Major changes in population trends include the apparent slowing of outmigration from the southeast areas and unexpected population losses in almost all of the cities and communities along Santa Monica Bay with the notable exception of the Marina del Rey.

Although six cities, Burbank, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Montebello, Pomona and Santa Monica, posted changes of over one thousand people, the overall tendency in the population within cities is moving toward a condition of relative population stability. This is illustrated by the fact that 52 of the 78 cities recorded six month differences of less than one percent.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY HOUSING TRENDS NET CHANGES COMPARED*

Housing Unit Type	*January thru June* 1974	1973	*Change From Year Ago* Number	Percent
Single Units**	1,942	2,850	—908	—31.9
Multiple Units	13,060	12,704	356	2.8
Total Units	15,002	15,554	—552	—3.5

LOS ANGELES COUNTY HOUSING UNIT TYPES***

	*Single***	*Multiple*	*Total*
July 1, 1974	1,712,773	972,942	2,685,715
April 1, 1970 (Census revised)	1,692,427	849,176	2,541,603
Change since 1970 Census	20,346	123,766	144,112
Percent of Total Change	14.1	85.9	100.0

*These figures are compiled from a survey of residential new construction, move-ins, removals, demolitions and alterations reported by each of the permit issuing agencies in Los Angeles County. Housing unit changes are entered in the housing inventory either upon completion or after an assumed completion date.

**Includes single units, duplex units and mobile homes.

***These totals include additional adjustments not reported in the regular housing permit review.

NET HOUSING UNIT ADDITIONS DECLINE 3.5 PERCENT

Net Housing unit additions declined slightly during the first half of 1974. The 15,002 units added during this period was 552 or 3.5 percent below the net housing unit gain for the same period of 1973.

The major factor in this decline was a 31.9 percent drop in net single units added. The 1,942 single units added between January 1 and June 70, 1974 fell 908 short of the number of single units added in the first six months of 1973.

Net additions to the inventory of multiple housing units during the first half of 1974 total 13,060 units as compared with a net multiple unit gain of 12,704 for the same period of 1973. Since the 1970 Census, approximately 86 percent of the slightly more than 144,000 net housing units added have been multiple structures. However, as of July 1, 1974 single housing units still comprise 64 percent of the County's total estimated housing supply.

1970 CENSUS REPORTS COMMUTING HABITS IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS

Almost eight-seven percent of the 2,596,137 persons working in Los Angeles County in 1970 relied on automobiles, either as drivers, or passengers, to get to work.[1] Included among these were 178,592 workers who drove into the County to work. At the same time, 69,532 Los Angeles County residents used automobiles to reach places of employment outside the county.

These and other facts are contained in a recently released 1970 Census report entitled *Journey to Work*. This volume reports on the commuting habits in the nation's major urban centers. It was based upon a 15 percent sample of all those over 14 years of age who worked in the last week of March 1970. Each worker was asked his chief means of transportation to work as well as his primary place of work and residence.

Los Angeles County is not alone in this commitment to the private automobile. The Census Bureau found that in 1970 seventy-eight percent of all workers in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas with populations of 250,000 or more commuted by private automobile, either as drivers or passengers. A survey of a representative cross section of these major SMSA's revealed that even in those with well developed transit systems more than two-thirds of the workers rode to work in private automobiles. The percentage of the

[1]It should be noted that the California Department of Employment reported in the April 1971 issue of the Los Angeles-Long Beach Larbor Market Bulletin that April 1970 total employment in Los Angeles County was 3,196,900.

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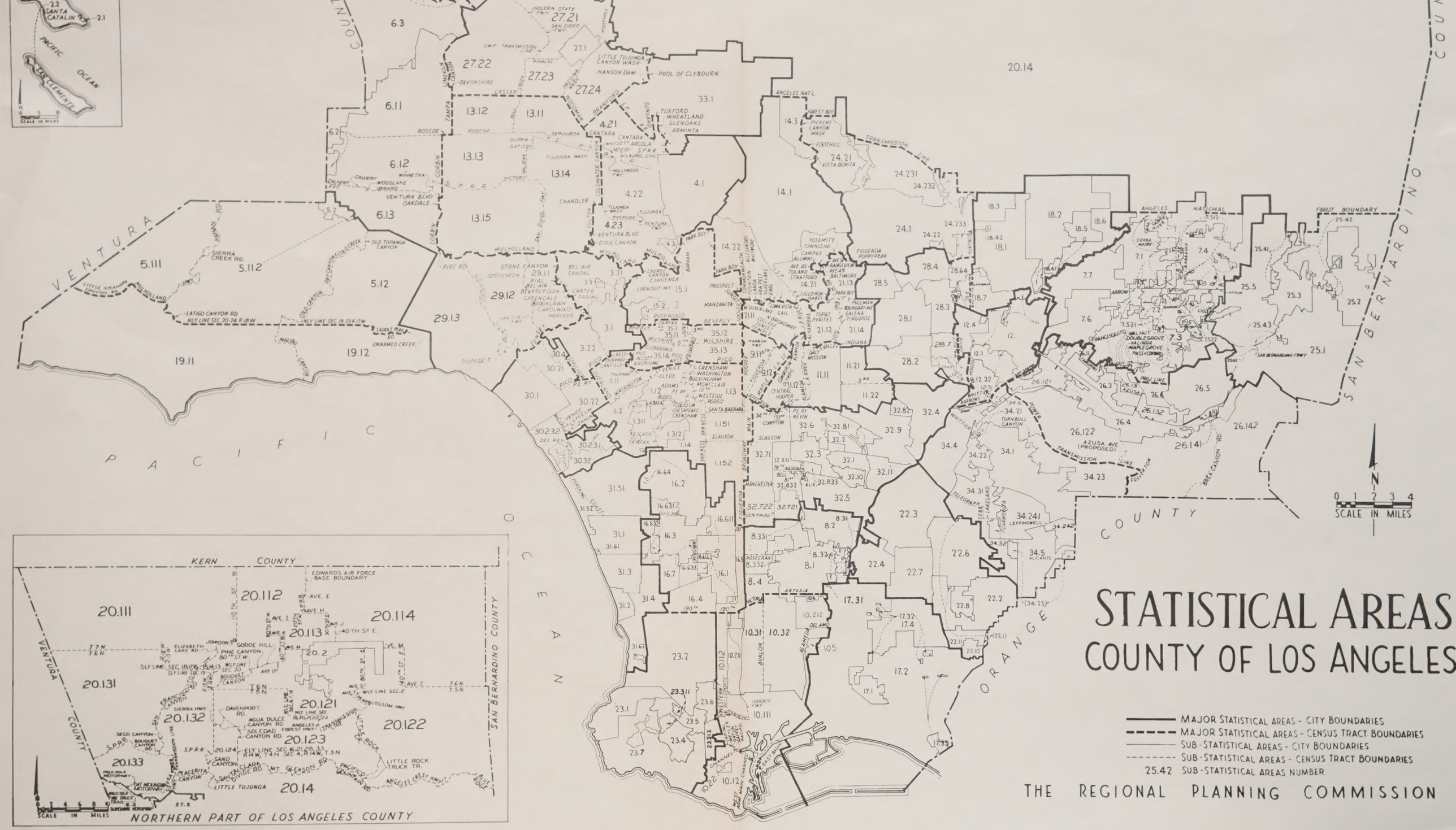
POPULATION AND HOUSING UNITS
LOS ANGELES COUNTY STATISTICAL AREAS

MSA and SA No.	Name or Jurisdiction	1970 CENSUS Revised Population	1970 CENSUS Revised Housing Units	JULY 1, 1974 Estimated Housing Units	JULY 1, 1974 Estimated Population
	LOS ANGELES COUNTY ..	7,041,980	2,541,603	2,685,715	7,000,679
	TOTAL ALL CITIES	6,008,523	2,221,824	2,352,407	5,986,646
	TOTAL UNINCORPORATED	1,033,457	319,779	333,308	1,014,033
	TOTAL FOR CITIES IN TWO OR MORE STATISTICAL AREAS				
	Carson	71,150	18,430	21,595	79,387
	Compton	78,547	21,929	21,707	72,888
	Industry	712	156	151	710
	Lakewood	83,025	24,263	25,259	80,741
	Los Angeles	2,811,801	1,074,173	1,125,045	2,746,990
	Rosemead	40,972	13,430	13,395	40,089
	Santa Fe Springs	14,750	3,764	4,425	16,432
	Temple City	31,034	10,998	11,164	30,118
	Torrance	134,968	45,528	48,487	134,930
	West Covina	68,034	19,154	20,932	69,441
	Whittier	72,863	25,817	26,987	72,002
1.0	ADAMS AREA	469,892	181,648	185,684	454,047
1.11	Part of Los Angeles	48,376	21,259	22,580	47,572
1.12	Part of Los Angeles	53,080	20,783	20,785	50,334
1.13	Part of Los Angeles	97,372	38,495	38,735	92,091
1.14	Part of Los Angeles	69,156	28,602	28,609	66,730
1.151	Part of Los Angeles	57,096	21,199	20,951	53,567
1.152	Part of Los Angeles	91,558	31,895	31,592	86,743
1.2	Culver City	34,451	13,075	15,984	37,979
1.311	Unincorporated	6,535	2,064	2,162	6,925
1.312	Unincorporated	12,268	4,276	4,286	12,106
2.0	AVALON AREA	1,906	1,174	1,187	1,892
2.1	Avalon	1,520	1,080	1,093	1,514
2.2	Unincorporated	386	94	94	378
3.0	BEVERLY HILLS AREA	92,800	40,517	43,520	92,585
3.1	Beverly Hills	33,416	15,092	15,335	32,598
3.21	Part of Los Angeles	9,869	3,766	3,946	9,764
3.22	Part of Los Angeles	49,466	21,641	24,221	50,174
3.3	Unincorporated	49	18	18	49
4.0	BURBANK AREA	264,922	106,276	110,340	255,795
4.1	Burbank	88,871	35,963	36,532	83,232
4.21	Part of Los Angeles	46,825	14,402	15,090	46,732
4.22	Part of Los Angeles	83,944	35,877	37,439	81,254
4.23	Part of Los Angeles	45,275	20,031	21,276	44,570
4.3	Unincorporated	7	3	3	7
5.0	CALABASAS AREA	18,935	5,838	9,651	26,926
5.111	Unincorporated	6,417	2,013	3,259	9,068
5.112	Unincorporated	4,710	1,345	3,024	8,321
5.12	Unincorporated	6,279	2,106	2,973	7,962
5.2	Hidden Hills	1,529	374	395	1,575
6.0	CHATSWORTH-WEST VALLEY AREA	175,788	51,762	59,048	185,351
6.11	Part of Los Angeles	43,668	12,937	16,152	49,170
6.12	Part of Los Angeles	84,982	25,125	28,351	87,616
6.13	Part of Los Angeles	45,712	13,170	14,021	47,204
6.2	Unincorporated	915	283	285	867
6.3	Unincorporated	511	247	239	494
7.0	CITRUS AREA	264,029	76,824	81,268	262,919
7.1	Azusa	25,217	8,175	9,037	25,062
7.2	Covina	30,395	9,803	11,075	33,026
7.3	Part of West Covina	63,830	18,114	19,077	62,250
7.4	Glendora	31,380	9,403	10,488	33,462
7.511	Unincorporated	13,920	3,517	3,795	14,225
7.512	Unincorporated	13,125	3,563	3,454	12,304
7.521	Unincorporated	23,709	6,265	6,280	22,631
7.522	Unincorporated	14,384	4,095	3,880	12,827
7.6	Baldwin Park	47,285	13,681	13,977	46,398
7.7	Irwindale	784	208	205	734
8.0	COMPTON AREA	177,215	53,139	52,648	161,100
8.1	Part of Compton	78,393	21,893	21,671	72,739
8.2	Lynwood	43,354	15,794	15,181	36,227
8.31	Unincorporated	1,055	357	357	979
8.32	Unincorporated	9,850	3,259	3,230	9,624
8.331	Unincorporated	34,835	9,346	9,682	32,181
8.332	Unincorporated	5,718	1,401	1,428	5,469
8.4	Part of Carson	4,010	1,089	1,099	3,881
9.0	CENTRAL AREA	90,416	48,466	48,622	83,456
9.11	Part of Los Angeles	75,555	40,591	40,850	70,985
9.12	Part of Los Angeles	14,861	7,875	7,772	12,471
10.0	DOMINGUEZ-LOS ANGELES HARBOR AREA	228,608	67,466	71,997	229,448
10.111	Part of Los Angeles	39,915	12,698	12,785	38,719
10.112	Part of Los Angeles	24,714	7,942	8,734	24,696
10.12	Part of Los Angeles	70,249	21,768	23,297	69,522
10.211	Unincorporated	15,918	4,475	5,668	17,678
10.212	Unincorporated	2,827	674	356	1,480
10.213	Unincorporated	5,980	1,948	(Annex. see SA 10.5)	
10.22	Unincorporated	1,711	584	625	1,698
10.31	Part of Carson	39,948	10,530	10,750	39,124
10.32	Part of Carson	27,192	6,811	7,795	30,599
10.4	Part of Compton	154	36	36	149
10.5	Part of Carson	(5,980)	(1,948)	1,951	5,783
11.0	EAST AREA	203,387	58,946	58,715	194,567
11.11	Part of Los Angeles	83,040	23,459	23,443	79,610
11.12	Part of Los Angeles	26,605	9,535	9,221	23,486
11.21	Unincorporated	43,492	10,840	10,944	41,752
11.22	Unincorporated	50,250	15,112	15,107	49,719
12.0	EL MONTE AREA ..	107,641	35,177	34,894	103,467
12.1	El Monte	69,892	23,701	23,708	67,103
12.21	Unincorporated	5,244	1,490	1,440	5,039
12.22	Unincorporated	4,911	1,370	404	1,428
12.3	South El Monte	13,443	3,725	4,479	16,148
12.4	Part of Rosemead	14,151	4,891	4,863	13,749
12.5	Part of Whittier	(0)	(0)	0	0
13.0	ENCINO-CENTRAL VALLEY AREA	364,147	130,638	145,898	371,529
13.11	Part of Los Angeles	55,442	19,159	21,240	57,107
13.12	Part of Los Angeles	34,446	10,664	12,223	37,565
13.13	Part of Los Angeles	78,918	25,260	27,287	76,497
13.14	Part of Los Angeles	136,352	55,892	61,413	136,173
13.15	Part of Los Angeles	58,989	19,663	23,735	64,187
14.0	GLENDALE AREA ..	241,928	99,047	100,746	236,125
14.1	Glendale	132,664	56,455	57,798	131,026
14.21	Part of Los Angeles	53,725	19,849	19,775	51,154
14.22	Part of Los Angeles	35,919	15,942	16,406	34,798
14.3	Unincorporated	19,620	6,801	6,767	19,147
15.0	HOLLYWOOD AREA	199,715	111,930	117,264	193,783
15.1	Part of Los Angeles	165,093	90,644	94,316	158,773
15.2	Unincorporated	34,622	21,286	22,948	35,010
16.0	INGLEWOOD AREA	348,414	127,435	132,255	332,753
16.1	Gardena	41,021	14,678	17,451	43,199
16.2	Inglewood.....	89,985	38,346	38,984	84,503
16.3	Hawthorne	53,304	19,692	23,027	56,048
16.4	Part of Torrance	34,601	10,848	11,267	33,729
16.5	Part of Los Angeles	18,378	5,783	5,843	17,943
16.611	Unincorporated	42,707	14,484	12,334	34,314
16.612	Unincorporated	5,195	1,737	1,623	4,534
16.631	Unincorporated	16,121	6,246	6,162	15,215
16.632	Unincorporated	11,997	3,905	3,504	9,807
16.633	Unincorporated	9,846	3,546	3,494	8,987
16.64	Unincorporated	434	232	229	422
16.7	Lawndale	24,825	7,938	8,337	24,052
17.0	LONG BEACH AREA	435,413	173,852	179,850	418,002
17.1	Signal Hill	5,588	2,403	2,396	5,146
17.2	Long Beach	358,879	150,133	156,814	348,181
17.31	Unincorporated	2,477	716	0	0
17.32	Unincorporated	2,153	613	609	2,124
17.33	Unincorporated	143	46	31	90
17.4	Part of Lakewood	66,173	19,941	20,000	62,461
18.0	MONROVIA AREA ..	141,061	49,571	51,043	137,486
18.1	Arcadia	45,138	16,442	17,195	44,965
18.2	Monrovia	30,562	11,615	11,648	29,178
18.3	Sierra Madre	12,140	4,444	4,542	12,166
18.41	Unincorporated	11,694	3,459	3,531	10,941
18.42	Unincorporated	1,834	628	629	1,837
18.5	Bradbury	838	242	252	868
18.6	Duarte	14,981	4,545	4,926	14,586
18.7	Part of Temple City..	23,874	8,196	8,320	22,945

MSA and SA No.	Name or Jurisdiction	1970 CENSUS Revised Population	1970 CENSUS Revised Housing Units	JULY 1, 1974 Estimated Housing Units	JULY 1, 1974 Estimated Population
19.0	MALIBU AREA	11,709	4,535	6,000	15,379
19.11	Unincorporated	5,637	2,049	3,058	8,038
19.12	Unincorporated	6,072	2,486	2,942	7,341
20.0	NORTH COUNTY AREA	132,966	43,268	52,505	150,167
20.111	Unincorporated	1,519	675	822	1,763
20.112	Unincorporated	7,976	3,064	3,439	8,288
20.113	Unincorporated	38,582	12,322	15,763	42,854
20.114	Unincorporated	3,369	1,455	1,562	3,318
20.121	Unincorporated	13,870	4,282	4,686	13,825
20.122	Unincorporated	4,443	2,036	2,143	4,435
20.123	Unincorporated	2,686	869	898	2,692
20.124	Unincorporated	1,919	607	826	2,684
20.131	Unincorporated	3,966	685	1,247	5,257
20.132	Unincorporated	28,759	8,283	10,012	33,494
20.133	Unincorporated	15,353	5,151	6,616	20,000
20.14	Unincorporated	2,013	1,023	968	1,823
20.2	Palmdale	8,511	2,816	3,523	9,734
21.0	NORTHEAST AREA	170,698	62,555	63,549	166,779
21.11	Part of Los Angeles	59,927	24,830	25,448	58,960
21.12	Part of Los Angeles	34,771	11,053	11,194	34,036
21.13	Part of Los Angeles	39,329	15,891	16,066	37,809
21.14	Part of Los Angeles	36,671	10,781	10,841	35,974
22.0	NORWALK AREA	322,677	101,687	114,607	341,922
22.1	Unincorporated	355	83	83	354
22.2	Cerritos	15,856	4,623	12,044	40,589
22.3	Downey	88,573	31,494	33,283	87,943
22.4	Paramount	34,734	11,588	11,329	30,975
22.6	Norwalk	90,164	23,785	24,588	87,055
22.7	Bellflower	52,334	19,293	20,723	51,548
22.8	Artesia	14,757	4,018	4,402	15,368
22.10	Hawaiian Gardens	9,052	2,481	2,892	9,810
22.11	Part of Lakewood	16,852	4,322	5,259	18,280
23.0	PALOS VERDES AREA	184,898	59,719	66,248	195,547
23.1	Palos Verdes Estates	13,631	3,973	4,272	14,172
23.2	Part of Torrance	100,367	34,680	37,220	101,201
23.311	Unincorporated	29,433	7,770	826	2,113
23.312	Unincorporated	12,898	3,448	2,182	8,331
23.4	Rolling Hills	2,050	568	610	2,147
23.5	Rolling Hills Estates	6,735	1,766	2,203	8,073
23.6	Lomita	19,784	7,514	7,757	19,459
23.7	Rancho Palos Verdes	(Incorp. 9-7-73)		11,178	40,051
24.0	PASADENA AREA	185,454	70,989	73,062	182,529
24.1	Pasadena	112,951	46,923	48,973	111,831
24.21	Unincorporated	20,714	6,141	6,204	20,766
24.22	Unincorporated	2,027	889	878	1,931
24.231	Unincorporated	42,415	14,331	14,332	40,827
24.232	Unincorporated	1,409	420	421	1,354
24.233	Unincorporated	5,938	2,285	2,254	5,820
25.0	POMONA AREA	149,654	46,616	50,106	148,480
25.1	Pomona	87,384	28,864	29,508	80,700
25.2	Claremont	23,998	6,788	7,344	24,927
25.3	La Verne	12,965	4,135	5,333	15,444
25.41	Unincorporated	1,064	278	277	1,012
25.42	Unincorporated	6,476	1,892	2,127	7,455
25.43	Unincorporated	2,075	284	301	2,080
25.5	San Dimas	15,692	4,375	5,216	16,862
26.0	PUENTE HILLS AREA	177,014	43,172	52,107	202,656
26.11	Unincorporated	21,452	4,713	4,769	21,178
26.121	Unincorporated	11,793	3,192	3,411	12,143
26.122	Unincorporated	37,794	9,270	11,791	45,380
26.131	Unincorporated	17,189	4,066	4,113	17,000
26.132	Unincorporated	12,386	2,703	3,012	12,996
26.141	Unincorporated	21,125	5,469	8,021	30,345
26.142	Unincorporated	13,303	3,330	4,979	18,268
26.3	La Puente	31,092	7,652	8,168	30,880
26.4	Part of Industry	684	147	142	682
26.5	Walnut	5,992	1,590	1,846	6,593
26.6	Part of West Covina	4,204	1,040	1,855	7,191
27.0	SAN FERNANDO AREA	215,516	58,794	62,176	215,871
27.1	San Fernando	16,571	5,559	5,522	15,639
27.21	Part of Los Angeles	40,349	11,182	11,746	40,285
27.22	Part of Los Angeles	60,275	16,195	18,526	65,116
27.23	Part of Los Angeles	32,671	8,714	8,914	31,189
27.24	Part of Los Angeles	65,650	17,144	17,468	63,642
28.0	SAN GABRIEL AREA	235,010	87,102	88,994	231,291
28.1	Alhambra	62,125	25,963	26,536	60,695
28.2	Monterey Park	49,166	16,337	16,778	49,409
28.3	San Gabriel	29,336	10,774	11,076	28,811
28.4	San Marino	14,177	4,630	4,636	13,823
28.5	South Pasadena	22,979	9,897	10,231	23,268
28.64	Unincorporated	17,203	6,592	6,733	15,672
28.65	Unincorporated	6,043	1,568	1,628	6,100
28.7	Part of Rosemead	26,821	8,539	8,532	26,340
28.8	Part of Temple City	7,160	2,802	2,844	7,173
29.0	SAN VICENTE-PALISADES AREA	44,126	14,744	15,544	43,762
29.11	Part of Los Angeles	7,803	2,713	2,935	7,763
29.12	Part of Los Angeles	13,268	4,019	4,117	13,048
29.13	Part of Los Angeles	23,055	8,012	8,492	22,951
30.0	SANTA MONICA-VENICE AREA	260,254	113,605	126,140	265,474
30.1	Santa Monica	88,289	42,106	45,724	91,348
30.21	Part of Los Angeles	41,872	21,602	23,248	41,132
30.22	Part of Los Angeles	58,814	23,214	25,680	59,453
30.231	Part of Los Angeles	27,467	8,864	9,589	27,215
30.232	Part of Los Angeles	36,146	15,466	16,864	36,449
30.32	Unincorporated	3,693	2,311	4,993	8,375
30.4	Unincorporated (Sawtelle Home)	3,973	42	42	1,502
31.0	SOUTH BAY AREA	182,904	68,174	74,042	184,715
31.1	El Segundo	15,620	5,994	6,132	14,927
31.2	Hermosa Beach	17,412	7,942	9,136	18,799
31.3	Manhattan Beach	35,352	13,127	13,412	33,974
31.4	Redondo Beach	57,451	20,251	24,277	64,184
31.51	Part of Los Angeles	49,903	17,684	17,886	46,332
31.52	Part of Los Angeles	4,260	1,784	1,734	3,700
31.61	Unincorporated	1,169	753	816	1,184
31.62	Unincorporated	1,737	639	649	1,615
32.0	SOUTHEAST AREA	447,656	161,766	161,298	423,019
32.1	Bell	21,836	9,052	9,075	21,444
32.2	Maywood	16,996	6,873	6,850	16,647
32.3	Huntington Park	33,744	15,725	15,605	32,850
32.4	Montebello	42,807	14,449	16,330	46,207
32.5	South Gate	56,909	23,541	23,771	54,148
32.6	Vernon	261	109	106	248
32.71	Part of Los Angeles	75,888	28,192	27,487	68,682
32.721	Part of Los Angeles	29,383	8,130	7,588	24,492
32.722	Part of Los Angeles	49,665	16,098	15,060	42,519
32.81	Unincorporated	262	108	106	266
32.82	Unincorporated	11,139	4,003	4,021	10,628
32.831	Unincorporated	24,606	7,932	7,821	23,780
32.832	Unincorporated	18,294	5,708	5,635	16,932
32.833	Unincorporated	8,925	3,704	3,693	8,844
32.84	Unincorporated	0	0	(Annex. to SA 32.4)	
32.9	Commerce	10,635	3,131	3,117	10,170
32.10	Cudahy	16,998	5,459	5,548	17,090
32.11	Bell Gardens	29,308	9,552	9,485	28,072
33.0	TUJUNGA AREA	53,630	17,270	17,357	51,076
33.1	Part of Los Angeles	53,630	17,270	17,357	51,076
34.0	WHITTIER AREA	269,173	78,470	82,631	272,821
34.1	Part of Whittier	72,863	25,817	26,987	72,002
34.21	Unincorporated	2,283	553	709	2,872
34.22	Unincorporated	20,845	6,154	6,175	19,887
34.23	Unincorporated	4,695	1,388	1,471	4,750
34.241	Unincorporated	43,008	11,766	12,350	43,455
34.242	Unincorporated	12,339	3,333	3,708	13,472
34.25	Unincorporated	13,384	3,228	2,939	11,895
34.31	Part of Santa Fe Springs	6,939	1,728	2,089	7,961
34.32	Part of Santa Fe Springs	7,811	2,036	2,336	8,471
34.4	Pico Rivera	54,170	14,647	15,183	54,987
34.5	La Mirada	30,808	7,811	8,675	33,041
34.6	Part of Industry	28	9	9	28
35.0	WILSHIRE AREA	172,424	89,431	94,719	167,960
35.11	Part of Los Angeles	37,150	19,442	20,061	35,322
35.12	Part of Los Angeles	37,566	22,387	25,913	38,934
35.13	Part of Los Angeles	51,207	26,657	27,652	49,853
35.14	Part of Los Angeles	46,501	20,943	21,091	43,851
35.2	Unincorporated	0	2	2	0



STATISTICAL AREAS
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

MAJOR STATISTICAL AREAS - CITY BOUNDARIES
MAJOR STATISTICAL AREAS - CENSUS TRACT BOUNDARIES
SUB-STATISTICAL AREAS - CITY BOUNDARIES
SUB-STATISTICAL AREAS - CENSUS TRACT BOUNDARIES
25.42 SUB-STATISTICAL AREAS NUMBER

THE REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

1973 HOUSING UNIT DEMOLITIONS FALL SLIGHTLY BELOW 1972 LEVEL

The demolition of housing units declined slightly during 1973. A survey of the Commission's 1973 housing records disclosed that a total of 8,402 housing units were removed last year as compared with 8,435 units in 1972.

This study also found that for each five new housing units authorized in 1973, one housing unit was demolished while in the previous year one unit was demolished for each 6.3 new housing units authorized. This sharp rise in the ratio of demolitions to new units was the result of a decline of approximately 10,000 in the number of new units authorized in 1973 as compared with 1972.

During the years 1970 through 1973, a total of 34,336 housing units in Los Angeles County were demolished. Seventy-five percent of these demolitions occurred within six jurisdictions. Los Angeles City led all others with 15,365 units razed. The number of units demolished within each of the remaining five were as follows: unincorporated area 4,818, Pasadena 1,736, Long Beach 1,605, Santa Monica 1,188 and Glendale 1,071.

Demolition records are not sufficiently detailed so that the age of residential structures currently being torn down can be accurately determined. However, the 1970 Census does provide some insight into this question. The Bureau of Census did investigate this and other questions and have reported their findings in the 1970 Census of Housing publication, *Components of Inventory Change, Final Report HC(4)-9, Los Angeles-Long Beach, California, SMSA* (May 1973).

This Bureau survey found that 71 percent of all units demolished during the Sixties were built in 1939 or before, 17 percent between 1940 and 1949, 7 percent between 1950 and 1954 and 5 percent after 1954. Furthermore, they found that 64.5 percent of all units demolished in this decade were single units, 15.8 percent in structures containing 2 through 4 units and 19.5 percent in multiple structures of 5 or more units.

If these findings represent a continuing trend, there is a high probability that at least 60 percent of the housing now being demolished are single family units constructed before 1939.

Copies of the Commission's report, "Dwelling Unit Demolitions in Los Angeles County, 1960 through 1973" are available on request.

DWELLING UNITS DEMOLITIONS LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Year	*Total*	*Building Permits*[1]	*Right-of-Way Clearance*[2]
1970-73	34,336	29,820	4,516
1973	8,402	8,088	314
1972	8,435	6,933	1,502
1971	9,939	7,902	2,307
1970	7,560	6,897	663
1965-69	47,903	43,248	4,655
1960-64	48,645	42,977	5,668

[1]Department of Regional Planning: Survey of demolition permits issued through building departments.

[2]California Department of Transportation: Demolitions for clearance of freeway and highway rights-of-way.

CENSUS REPORTS COMMUTING HABITS

(Continued from page 1)

workers in each of these SMSA's commuting in automobiles was as follows: Dallas 87.7, Houston 87.7, Atlanta 86.2, Denver 85.8, Seattle 84.5, Minneapolis-St. Paul 81.8, Washington, D.C. 75.7, San Francisco-Oakland 74.3, Boston 70, Philadelphia 68.5 and Chicago 67.3.

Among the major cities, only New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and Boston had significant percentages of their working populations using fixed rail modes of transport. New York was the undisputed leader with 30.3 percent using subways, els or railroads to get to work. Far behind, second place Boston had only 6.1 percent of its workers using these means, followed by 4.8 and 4.2 percent in Chicago and Philadelphia, respectively. However, buses and streetcars in these cities provided strong additional competition to the private automobile accounting for over 10 percent of the commuting trips in each.

Despite a fondness for fixed rail in some eastern cities, the study found that nationwide only 3.5 percent of all workers in the major SMSA's used this type of transportation. Not surprisingly, only 301 workers in Los Angeles County used fixed rail modes.

Buses were the most frequently used public means of getting to work in the major SMSA's. An average of eight percent of all workers in these areas rode buses to work. However, in Los Angeles County, even though they are the primary means of public transportation, only 130,059 or 5 percent of the county's work force in 1970 reached their places of employment by bus. Surprisingly, these bus riders only slightly outnumbered the 105,836 or 4.1 percent of the County's workers who walked to work.

Slightly more than 3 percent of all workers in the major SMSA's used taxies, ferries, aircraft and other means to get to work. The leading exceptions to this average were New York and Chicago where 7.5 and 5.9 percent respectively used these other means. Not unexpectedly, only 2 percent of those working in Los Angeles County reported using what in this area must be considered exotic forms of transport.

The January 1975 Quarterly Bulletin will deal in greater detail with the commuting patterns of Los Angeles County workers. It will consider where they live and work and their racial, educational and economic characteristics.

For further information see: U. S. Bureau of the Census, *Census of Population: 1970*, Subject Report, Final Report PC(2)-6D, "Journey to Work."

POPULATION AND HOUSING TABLE NOTES

A shift from building to final permits in two jurisdictions required the following housing unit adjustments: 1. SA 14.1 (Glendale City)—40, single,— 353 multiple units; and 2. SA 23.1 (Palos Verdes Estates City) +23 single, —13 multiple units.

The single sizeable annexation which occurred during the first half required the following transfers: SA 7.2 (Covina City) + 48 single units, SA 7.521 (Covina Islands) —40 single units, SA 7.522 (Charter Oak and Covina Highlands) —8 single units.

For Additional Information: *Call or write the Population Research Section, Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, 320 West Temple St., Los Angeles 90012, 974-6425.*

THE REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY. Commissioners: Owen H. Lewis, Chairman; Howard D. Martin, Vice Chairman; Mrs. L. S. Baca, Arthur J. Baum, Carolyn P. Llewellyn. Acting Director: Edgar T. Irvine.

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Quarterly Bulletin, No. 126, October 1, 1974

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DEPARTMENT OF REGIONAL PLANNING · COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

CALIFORNIA COUNTIES

Contemporary Calilfornians generally take the boundaries of California's 58 counties for granted. Much of this general lack of interest and awareness probably stems from the fact that, unlike the recent flood of new cities in the last two decades, no new county has been created in California since 1907, the year in which Imperial County was established (see plate 6). However, it was not always so.

The formal passage of California from Mexican to American control in 1848 raised many issues of governmental organization. Not the least of these was the problem of administrative boundaries. Under Spanish and Mexican rule there had been little need for well defined administrative divisions. Monterey, Los Angeles, San Diego, Santa Barbara, San Francisco and San Jose each had served at various times as a governmental center.

The delegates to the first constitutional convention at Monterey in 1849 realized at once that if California hoped for statehood they would have to devise administrative areas more compatible with the United States' concept of local government. The convention chose General Mariano Vallejo chairman of the committee to study and recommend a system of American style counties.

The Vallejo Committee presented its recommendations on January 4, 1850. They initially proposed that California be divided into eighteen counties. However, after public hearings, a separate county for the Santa Cruz area was added thereby bringing their final recommendation to nineteen. The Committee also urged the Legislature not to create counties from mining districts due to the "boom and bust" character of many of them.

This proposal was ignored. The Legislature ultimately authorized the creation of eight counties more than proposed by the Committee. All in northern California, these included several which were centered upon mining camps.

The six southern counties proposed by the Committee, Los Angeles, Mariposa, Monterey, San Diego, San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara, were adopted largely as recommended. The Governor signed the bill creating the original twenty-seven counties on February 18, 1850.

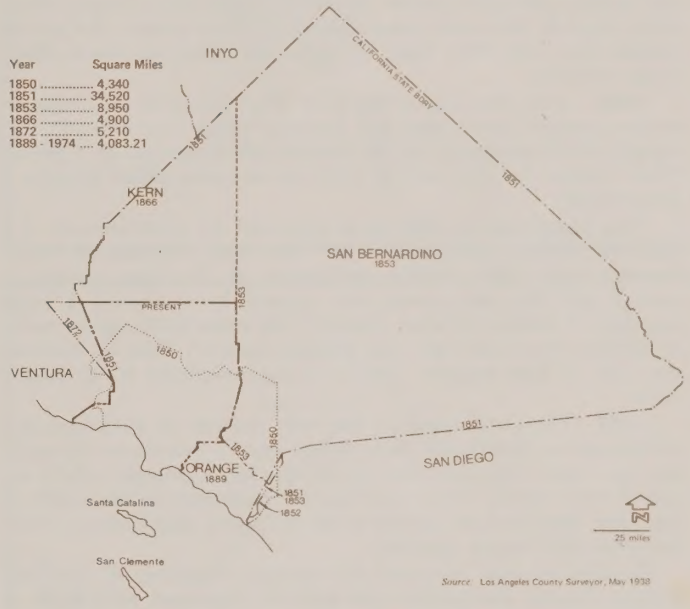
The Vallejo Committee's policy that county names be of Spanish or Indian origin fared much better. While fifteen of the eighteen counties proposed by the Committee carried such names, the Legislature chose names of Spanish or Indian derivation for all but two of the original twenty-seven counties.

In the first decade of statehood, as the population grew and the pattern of settlement spread, the Legislature created eighteen more counties[1] and mandated major shifts in many county boundaries. The following forty-seven years witnessed the establishment of fourteen more counties and, again, the major relocation of many county lines. In fact, it was not until 1923 that all conflicts involving these boundaries were legislatively resolved.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY BOUNDARIES

Few realize that Los Angeles County once extended from the Pacific Ocean to the Colorado River or that the County originally encompassed most of the coastal basin south of the San Gabriel Mountains, an area which is now the most populous urban concentration in the western United States.

COMPOSITE MAP OF BOUNDARIES
OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY 1850-1974



Established in 1850, as one of California's original twenty-seven counties, Los Angeles County's first forty years were marked by five major territorial changes. Given the often long distances between old and new settlements and the poor roads which characterized these early years, it is not surprising that the Legislature would create new counties and relocate county lines in order to recognize citizen demands for more accessible local government. Many of the changes which have occurred in the boundaries of Los Angeles County have reflected this legislative intent.

The composite map on page one clearly delineates the location and extent of these Los Angeles County boundary shifts, all of which occurred between 1850 and 1890. The following paragraphs briefly describe each of these changes.

1850 The County as originally established encompassed approximately 4,340 square miles of the Los Angeles coastal basin. It extended from what now is the San Bernardino City area to the Santa Susana Mountains and from the crest of the San Gabriel Mountains southward to the Pacific Ocean. The Channel Islands of Santa Catalina and San Clemente were assigned to Los Angeles County in this same statute.

1851 The Legislature in 1851 radically redefined the counties in southern California. One of these changes moved the county line eastward to the Colorado River and increased the size of the County to 34,520 square miles. These expanded boundaries gave the County an extreme east-west width of 270 miles and an average north-south dimension of 150 miles.

(Continued on page 2)

(Continued from page 1)

1853 These extended boundaries were short-lived. The Mormons and others who had founded a settlement on a portion of the Rancho San Bernardino in 1851 soon petitioned the Legislature for a separate county. The Legislature granted their request by creating San Bernardino County in 1853. This enabling statute severed more than 25,000 square miles from the eastern sections of the County. The County's remaining 8,950 square miles were not disturbed again until after the Civil War.

1859 The latent differences in both cultural heritage and economic interest between the northern and southern sections of the state fed the growing dissatisfaction of the southern Californians with the northern dominated state government. Finally, in 1859, the southern California separatists under the leadership of Andres Pico were able to win the approval of the California Legislature to seek the withdrawal of the six southern counties and the establishment of a "Territory of Colorado", contingent upon a two-thirds affirmative vote of the electorate in each of the counties involved.

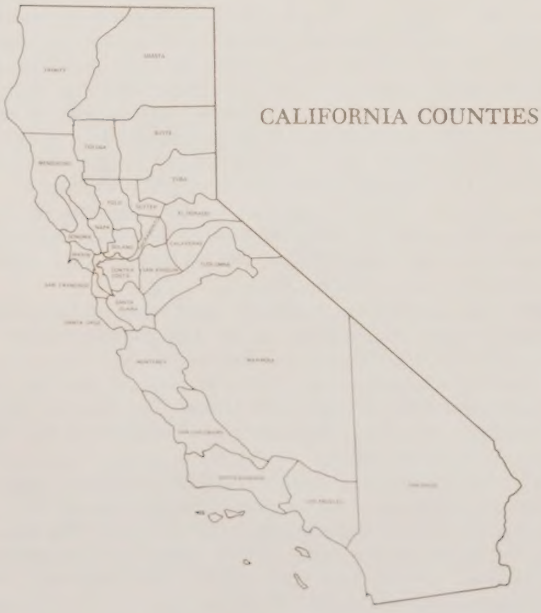
Had this act been carried out, Los Angeles County might have had quite a different history. However, before the necessary elections could be held and Congressional approval sought, the nation entered the Civil War. Once set aside, the cause was never effectively revived.

1866 After the close of the Civil War, the drive for a county at the southern end of the San Joaquin Valley was renewed. Although the Legislature had authorized the formation of a Buena Vista County for this area in 1855, its residents failed to form a government.

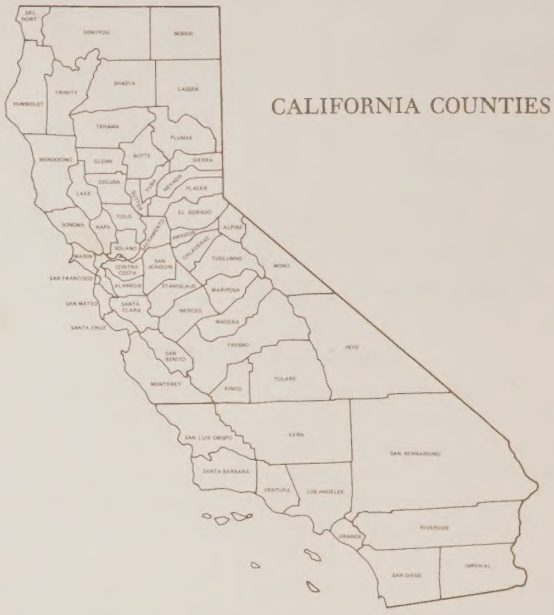
The Legislature in 1866 again approved the establishment of a separate county government for this area. Designated Kern County, with the mining settlement of Havilah named as county seat, the new county was created by combining a large segment of southern Tulare County with some 4,000 square miles withdrawn from northern Los Angeles County[2]. This act reduced the area of Los Angeles County to approximately 4,900 square miles.

1872 The codification of the state statutes in 1872 included an attempt to clarify and fully define county boundaries throughout the state. Although most of the boundary changes which resulted were minor, there were two of importance to the southern counties. One of these proved to be of lasting significance, while the other was largely ignored.

The first of these relocated the northern boundary of San Bernardino County bringing it into general alignment with those of San Luis Obispo and Kern Counties at the sixth standard south of Mount Diablo. Thus, the northern boundaries of these three



CALIFORNIA COUNTIES 1850



CALIFORNIA COUNTIES 1974

counties now formed an almost direct line across the state. In the passing years this line has come to be accepted and used by many as the informal boundary between northern and southern California.

The second change mandated a major relocation of the Los Angeles-Santa Barbara county line. It moved the northern terminus of this joint boundary approximately sixteen miles west of its previous location. This added slightly more than 310 square miles of mountainous terrain to Los Angeles County. However, the authorities of both Los Angeles County and the newly created Ventura County refused to recognize this change and continued to observe the boundary established in 1851. This segment of the Los Angeles-Ventura County boundary remained legally clouded for the next fifty years. It finally was resolved in 1923 when the Legislature repealed this 1872 boundary and readopted the older, but locally accepted, county line.

1889 The County's residents living south of the Puente Hills and east of Coyote Creek had long complained of the bad roads and their distance from the county seat. After almost twenty years of repeated attempts to secede, the Legislature finally granted these citizens the right to form their own county government. Named for its most noted crop, Orange County became a reality in 1889. The census of the following year found that the new county had 13,589 inhabitants with 3,933 of these residing in Santa Ana, the new county seat. This final major territorial change detached almost 800 square miles and reduced Los Angeles County to an area of 4,083 square miles.

1974 In the more than three-quarters of a century since the creation of Orange County, there have been several proposals to further divide Los Angeles County. Most recently these have involved the East San Gabriel Valley and Newhall areas.

Whether or not the Legislature's recent liberalization of the regulations for creating new counties will give rise to more vigorous attempts, in this and other counties, is yet to be seen.

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[1] Only Klamath County failed to survive. Created in 1851, it ceased functioning in 1875 with its remaining territory being divided between Humboldt and Siskiyou Counties.

[2] Havilah remained the county seat until 1874, when all county offices were moved to Bakersfield.

References

Coy, Owen, C., *California County Boundaries: A Study of the Division of the State into Counties and the Subsequent Changes in their Boundaries*, California Historical Survey Commission, Berkeley 1923, Revised Edition Valley Publishers, Fresno, California, 1973.

Los Angeles County Bureau of Efficiency, *Growth of County Functions, Los Angeles County, California, 1852 to 1934*, June 1936. (Mimeo)

AREAS OF CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 1974

County	*Total Area Sq. Miles*	*County Seat*	*Number of Cities*[3]
California	158,693.0		412
Alameda	825.4	Oakland	13
Alpine	726.6	Markleeville[2]	0
Amador	601.3	Jackson	5
Butte	1,664.8	Oroville	4
Calaveras	1,036.4	San Andreas[2]	1
Colusa	1,155.8	Colusa	2
Contra Costa	797.9	Martinez	15
Del Norte	1,003.0	Crescent City	1
El Dorado	1,804.8	Placerville	2
Fresno	5,998.2	Fresno	15
Glenn	1,319.0	Willows	2
Humboldt	3,599.5	Eureka	7
Imperial	4,597.4	El Centro	7
Inyo	10,097.9	Independence[2]	1
Kern	8,170.3	Bakersfield	11
Kings	1,435.6	Hanford	3
Lake	1,326.5	Lakeport	1
Lassen	4,690.3	Susanville	1
Los Angeles[1]	**4,079.3**	**Los Angeles**	**78**
Madera	2,147.1	Madera	2
Marin	588.0	San Rafael	11
Mariposa	1,460.5	Mariposa[2]	0
Mendocino	3,510.4	Ukiah	4
Merced	2,007.7	Merced	6
Modoc	4,340.4	Alturas	1
Mono	3,103.0	Bridgeport[2]	0
Monterey	3,324.1	Salinas	11
Napa	796.9	Napa	4
Nevada	992.2	Nevada City	2
Orange	785.1	Santa Ana	26
Placer	1,506.5	Auburn	5
Plumas	2,618.4	Quincy[2]	1
Riverside	7,243.0	Riverside	17
Sacramento	1,015.3	Sacramento	4
San Benito	1,397.1	Hollister	2
San Bernardino	20,164.0	San Bernardino	14
San Diego	4,280.6	San Diego	13
San Francisco	91.1	San Francisco	1
San Joaquin	1,436.2	Stockton	6
San Luis Obispo	3,326.2	San Luis Obispo	6
San Mateo	530.8	Redwood City	19
Santa Barbara	2,744.7	Santa Barbara	5
Santa Clara	1,315.9	San Jose	15
Santa Cruz	439.6	Santa Cruz	4
Shasta	3,850.2	Redding	2
Sierra	959.0	Downieville[2]	1
Siskiyou	6,318.3	Yreka	9
Solano	872.2	Fairfield	7
Sonoma	1,597.6	Santa Rosa	8
Stanislaus	1,521.2	Modesto	9
Sutter	607.0	Yuba City	2
Tehama	2,976.0	Red Bluff	3
Trinity	3,222.6	Weaverville[2]	0
Tulare	4,844.9	Visalia	8
Tuolumne	2,292.7	Sonora	1
Ventura	1,863.6	San Buenaventura	9
Yolo	1,034.0	Woodland	3
Yuba	639.1	Marysville	2

1. Official area 4,083.21 sq. miles adopted by Board of Supervisors September 30, 1936.
2. Not incorporated.
3. As of December 31, 1974.

Source: California Statistical Abstract 1974.
California Department of Finance.

EDITOR'S NOTE: In researching this issue, the staff uncovered several "I didn't know that's". Realizing that full disclosure can be our only policy, the following items are presented in the hope that one or more may catch your favorite academic flat footed or provide that oft needed edgewise word so indispensible at social gatherings. For example, few know that:

Four counties, Alpine, Mariposa, Mono and Trinity, have no incorporated cities within their boundaries.

Eight counties, Alpine, Calaveras, Mariposa, Mono, Inyo, Plumas, Sierra and Trinity have unincorporated places as county seats.

(Continued on page 6)

POPULATION OF CALIFORNIA COUNTIES FROM 1850 TO 1970

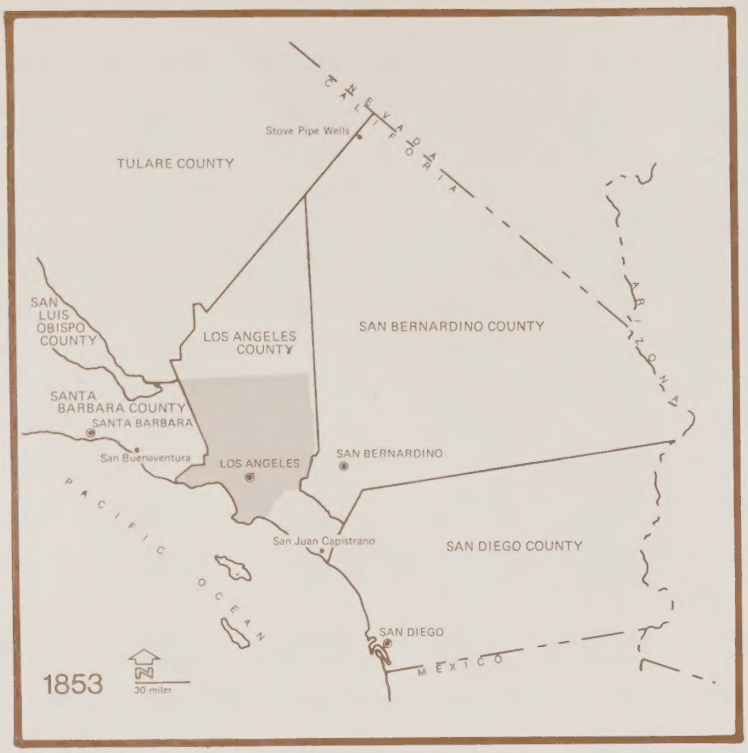
COUNTIES	Incorporation Date	1970	1960	1950	1940	1930	1920	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870	1860	1850
Alameda	Mar. 25, 1853	1,073,184	908,209	740,315	513,011	474,883	344,177	246,131	130,197	93,864	62,976	24,237	8,927	—
Alpine	Mar. 16, 1864	484	397	241	323	241	243	309	509	667	539	685	—[m]	—
Amador	May 11, 1854	11,821	9,990	9,151	8,973	8,494	7,793	9,086	11,116	10,320	11,384	9,582	10,930	—
Butte	Feb. 18, 1850	101,969	82,030	64,930	42,840	34,093	30,030	27,301	17,117	17,939	18,721	11,403	12,106	3,574
Calaveras	Feb. 18, 1850	13,585	10,289	9,902	8,221	6,008	6,183	9,171	11,200	8,882	9,094	8,895	16,299	16,884
Colusa	Feb. 18, 1850	12,430	12,075	11,651	9,788	10,258	9,290	7,732	7,364	14,640	13,118	6,165	2,274	115
Contra Costa	Feb. 18, 1850	555,805	409,030	298,984	100,450	78,608	53,889	31,674	18,046	13,515	12,525	8,461	5,328	—[r]
Del Norte	Mar. 2, 1857	14,580	17,771	8,078	4,745	4,739	2,759	2,417	2,408	2,592	2,584	2,022	1,993	—
El Dorado	Feb. 18, 1850	43,833	29,390	16,207	13,229	8,325	6,426	7,492	8,986	9,232	10,683	10,309	20,562	20,057
Fresno	Apr. 19, 1856	413,329	365,945	276,515	178,565	144,379	128,779	75,657	37,862	32,026	9,478	6,336	4,605	—
Glenn	Mar. 11, 1891	17,521	17,245	15,448	12,195	10,935	11,853	7,172	5,150	—[f]	—	—	—	—
Humboldt	May 12, 1853	99,692	104,892	69,241	45,812	43,233	37,413	33,857	27,104	23,469	15,512	6,140	2,694	—
Imperial	Aug. 15, 1907	74,492	72,105	62,975	59,740	60,903	43,453	13,591	—[k]	—	—	—	—	—
Inyo	Mar. 22, 1866	15,571	11,684	11,658	7,625	6,555	7,031	6,974	4,377	3,544	2,928	1,956	—[n]	—
Kern	Apr. 2, 1866	330,234	291,984	228,309	135,124	82,570	54,843	37,715	16,480	9,808	5,601	2,925	—[g]	—
Kings	Mar. 22, 1893	66,717	49,954	46,768	35,168	25,385	22,031	16,230	9,871	—[h]	—	—	—	—
Klamath	Apr. 25, 1851[c]	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,686	1,803	—
Lake	May 20, 1861	19,548	13,786	11,481	8,069	7,166	5,402	5,526	6,017	7,101	6,596	2,969	—[d]	—
Lassen	Apr. 1, 1864	16,796	13,597	18,474	14,479	12,589	8,507	4,802	4,511	4,239	3,340	1,327	—[o]	—
LOS ANGELES	Feb. 18, 1850	7,041,980	6,038,771	4,151,687	2,785,643	2,208,492	936,455	504,131	170,298	101,454	33,381	15,309	11,333	3,530
Madera	Mar. 11, 1893	41,519	40,468	36,964	23,314	17,164	12,203	8,368	6,364	—[i]	—	—	—	—
Marin	Feb. 18, 1850	206,758	146,820	85,619	52,907	41,648	27,342	25,114	15,702	13,072	11,324	6,903	3,334	323
Mariposa	Feb. 18, 1850	6,015	5,064	5,145	5,605	3,233	2,775	3,956	4,720	3,787	4,339	4,572	6,243	4,379
Mendocino	Feb. 18, 1850	51,101	51,059	40,854	27,864	23,505	24,116	23,929	20,465	17,612	12,800	7,545	3,967	55
Merced	Apr. 19, 1855	104,629	90,446	69,780	46,988	36,748	24,579	15,148	9,215	8,085	5,656	2,807	1,141	—
Modoc	Feb. 17, 1874	7,469	8,308	9,678	8,713	8,038	5,425	6,191	5,076	4,986	4,399	—[p]	—	—
Mono	Apr. 24, 1861	4,016	2,213	2,115	2,299	1,360	960	2,042	2,167	2,002	7,499	430	—[q]	—
Monterey	Feb. 18, 1850	247,450	198,351	130,498	73,032	53,705	27,980	24,146	19,380	18,637	11,302	9,876	4,739	1,872
Napa	Feb. 18, 1850	79,140	65,890	46,603	28,503	22,897	20,678	19,800	16,451	16,411	13,235	7,163	5,521	405
Nevada	Apr. 25, 1851	26,346	20,911	19,888	19,283	10,596	10,850	14,955	17,789	17,369	20,823	19,134	16,446	—
Orange	Mar. 11, 1889	1,421,233	703,925	216,224	130,760	118,674	61,375	34,436	19,696	13,589	—[b]	—	—	—
Placer	Apr. 25, 1851	77,632	56,998	41,649	28,108	24,468	18,584	18,237	15,786	15,101	14,232	11,357	13,270	—
Plumas	Mar. 18, 1854	11,707	11,620	13,519	11,548	7,913	5,681	5,259	4,657	4,933	6,180	4,489	4,363	—
Riverside	Mar. 11, 1893	459,074	306,191	170,046	105,524	81,024	50,297	34,696	17,897	—[l]	—	—	—	—
Sacramento	Feb. 18, 1850	634,373	502,778	277,140	170,333	141,999	91,029	67,806	45,915	40,339	34,390	26,830	24,142	9,087
San Benito	Feb. 12, 1874	18,226	15,396	14,370	11,392	11,311	8,995	8,041	6,633	6,412	5,584	—[e]	—	—
San Bernardino	Apr. 26, 1853	682,233	503,591	281,642	161,108	133,900	73,401	56,706	27,929	25,497	7,786	3,988	5,551	—
San Diego	Feb. 18, 1850	1,357,854	1,033,011	556,808	289,348	209,659	112,248	61,665	35,090	34,987	8,618	4,951	4,324	798
San Francisco	Feb. 18, 1850	715,674	740,316	775,357	634,536	634,394	506,676	416,912	342,782	298,997	233,959	149,473	56,802	—[t]
San Joaquin	Feb. 18, 1850	291,073	249,989	200,750	134,207	102,940	79,905	50,731	35,452	28,629	24,349	21,050	9,435	3,647
San Luis Obispo	Feb. 18, 1850	105,690	81,044	51,417	33,246	29,613	21,893	19,383	16,637	16,072	9,142	4,772	1,782	336
San Mateo	Apr. 19, 1856	557,361	444,387	235,659	111,782	77,405	36,781	26,585	12,094	10,087	8,669	6,635	3,214	—
Santa Barbara	Feb. 18, 1850	264,324	168,962	98,220	70,555	65,167	41,097	27,738	18,934	15,754	9,513	7,784	3,543	1,185
Santa Clara	Feb. 18, 1850	1,065,313	642,315	290,547	174,949	145,118	100,676	83,539	60,216	48,005	35,039	26,246	11,912	—[t]
Santa Cruz	Feb. 18, 1850	123,790	84,219	66,534	45,057	37,433	26,269	26,140	21,512	19,270	12,802	8,743	4,944	643
Shasta	Feb. 18, 1850	77,640	59,468	36,413	28,800	13,927	13,361	18,920	17,318	12,133	9,492	4,173	4,360	378
Sierra	Apr. 16, 1852	2,365	2,247	2,410	3,025	2,422	1,783	4,098	4,017	5,051	6,623	5,619	11,387	—
Siskiyou	Mar. 22, 1852	33,225	32,885	30,733	28,598	25,480	18,545	18,801	16,962	12,163	8,610	6,848	7,629	—
Solano	Feb. 18, 1850	171,989	134,597	104,833	49,118	40,834	40,602	27,559	24,143	20,946	18,475	16,871	7,169	580
Sonoma	Feb. 18, 1850	204,885	147,375	103,405	69,052	62,222	52,090	48,394	38,480	32,721	25,926	19,819	11,867	560
Stanislaus	Apr. 1, 1854	194,506	157,294	127,231	74,866	56,641	43,557	22,522	9,550	10,040	8,751	6,499	2,245	—
Sutter	Feb. 18, 1850	41,935	33,380	26,239	18,680	14,618	10,115	6,328	5,886	5,469	5,159	5,030	3,390	3,444
Tehama	Apr. 9, 1856	29,517	25,305	19,276	14,316	13,866	12,882	11,401	10,996	9,916	9,301	3,587	4,044	—
Trinity	Feb. 18, 1850	7,615	9,706	5,087	3,970	2,809	2,551	3,301	4,383	3,719	4,999	3,213	5,125	1,635
Tulare	Apr. 20, 1852	188,322	168,403	149,264	107,152	77,442	59,031	35,440	18,375	24,574	11,281	4,533	4,638	—
Tuolumne	Feb. 18, 1850	22,169	14,404	12,584	10,887	9,271	7,768	9,979	11,166	6,082	7,848	8,150	16,229	8,351
Ventura	Mar. 22, 1872	378,497	199,138	114,647	69,685	54,976	28,724	18,347	14,367	10,071	5,073	—[j]	—	—
Yolo	Feb. 18, 1850	91,788	65,727	40,640	27,243	23,644	17,105	13,926	13,618	12,684	11,772	9,899	4,716	1,086
Yuba	Feb. 18, 1850	44,736	33,859	24,420	17,034	11,331	10,375	10,042	8,620	9,636	11,284	10,851	13,668	9,673
CALIFORNIA		19,972,760	15,717,204	10,586,223	6,907,387	5,677,251	3,426,861	2,377,549	1,485,053	1,213,398[a]	864,694	560,247	379,994	92,597

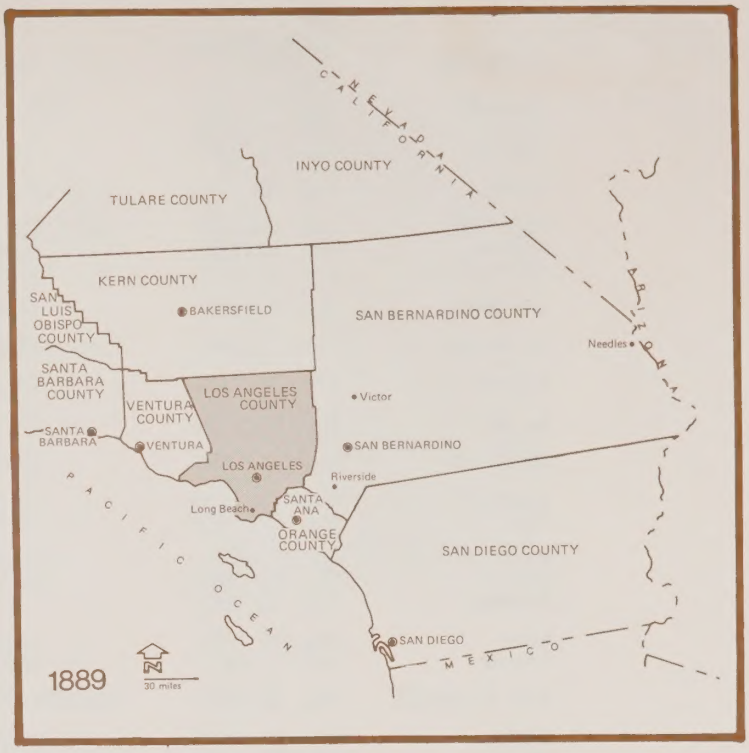
k—Organized from part of San Diego County in 1907.
l—Organized from parts of San Bernardino and San Diego Counties in 1893.
m—Organized from part of Amador, Calaveras, El Dorado, and Mono Counties in 1863.
n—Organized from parts of other counties in 1866.
o—Organized from part of Plumas and Shasta Counties in 1863.
p—Organized from part of Siskiyou County in 1874.
q—Organized from part of Fresno County in 1863.
r—Returns lost on the way to Washington.
s—Returns lost by fire.
t—Returns lost on the way to Washington.

Footnotes:

a—Includes 5,268 on Indian Reservations.
b—Organized from parts of Los Angeles County in 1889.
c—Dissolved March 28, 1874. Territory transferred to Humboldt and Siskiyou counties.
d—Organized from part of Napa County in 1863.
e—Organized from part of Monterey County in 1874.
f—Organized from part of Colusa County in 1892.
g—Organized from part of Tulare and Los Angeles Counties in 1865.
h—Organized from part of Tulare County in 1893.
i—Organized from part of Fresno County in 1893.
j—Organized from part of Santa Barbara County in 1871.

Sources: United States Bureau of the Census, 1850 through 1970 decennial censuses.





(Continued from page 5)

Thirty-five percent of California's 1970 population resided in Los Angeles County.

The 1970 Census found Alpine County to be California's least populated county with 484 inhabitants.

At the close of 1974, there were 412 cities in the state. The newest, Moraga (Contra Costa County), incorporated on November 12, 1974.

Four California cities had less than 300 inhabitants in 1970. These were Amador 156 (Amador County), Hercules 252 (Contra Costa County), Sand City 212 (Monterey County) and Vernon 261 (Los Angeles County).

For Additional Information: Call or write the Population Research Section, Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, 320 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, California 90012. (213) 974-6425.

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